
Simulink Report: Node_3D_

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Model - Node_3D_

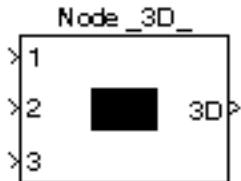


Tabelle 1.1. Node_3D_ Simulation Parameters

<i>Solver</i> ode14x	<i>ZeroCross</i> on	<i>StartTime</i> 0.0 <i>StopTime</i> 10.0
<i>RelTol</i> 1e-3	<i>AbsTol</i> auto	<i>Refine</i> 1
<i>InitialStep</i> auto	<i>FixedStep</i> auto	<i>MaxStep</i> auto

Tabelle 1.2. Node_3D_ Summary Information

<i>NumModelInputs</i>	N/A	<i>NumModelOutputs</i>	N/A
<i>NumVirtualSubsystems</i>	N/A	<i>NumNonvirtSubsystems</i>	N/A
<i>NumNonVirtBlocksInModel</i>	N/A	<i>NumBlockTypeCounts</i>	N/A
<i>NumBlockSignals</i>	N/A	<i>NumBlockParams</i>	N/A
<i>NumZCEvents</i>	N/A	<i>NumNonsampledZCs</i>	N/A

Systems

Name	Parent	Snapshot	Blocks	Signals
Node_3D_	<root>		Node_3D_	Node_3D_<1>

Blocks

Tabelle 1.3. Block Type Count

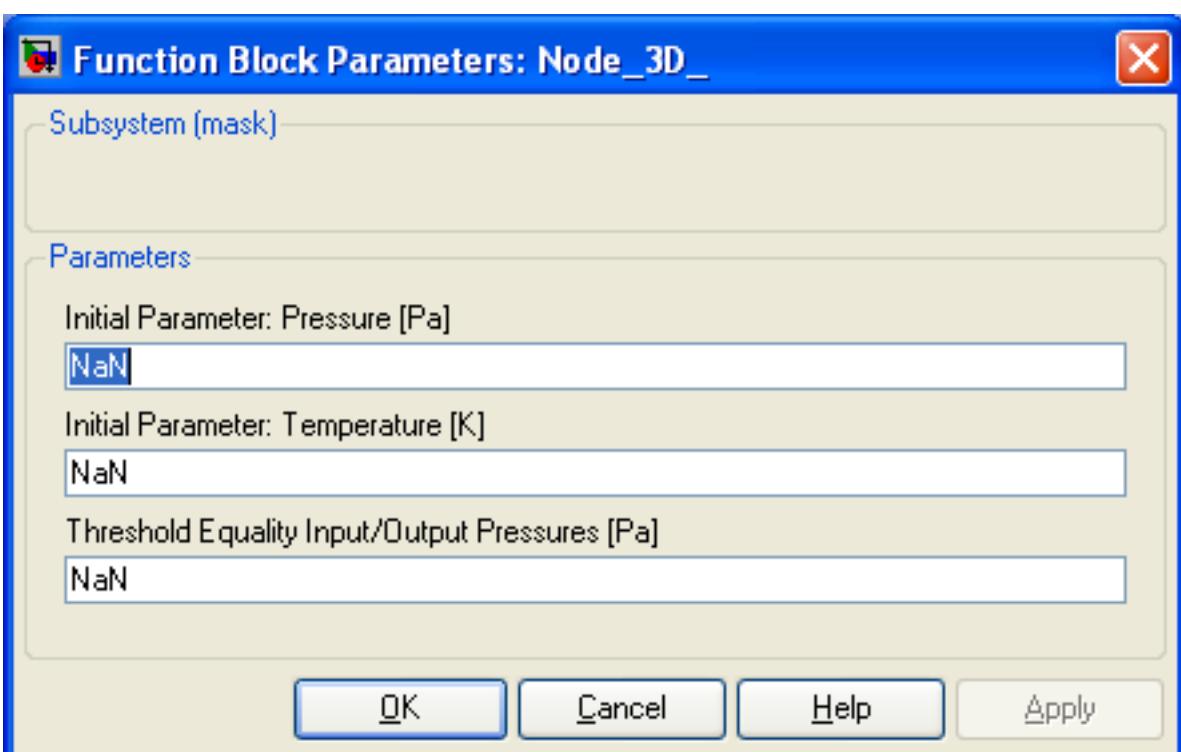
BlockType	Count	Block Names
Import	31	In_1, In_2, In_3, p_old, rho_old, T_old, x_H2O_gas_old, x_CO2_old, x_H2O_liq_old, p_in_1, rho_in_1, T_in_1, m_dot_air_in_1, x_H2O_gas_in_1, x_CO2_in_1, x_H2O_liq_in_1, p_in_2, rho_in_2, T_in_2, m_dot_air_in_2, x_H2O_gas_in_2, x_CO2_in_2, x_H2O_liq_in_2, p_in_3, rho_in_3, T_in_3, m_dot_air_in_3, x_H2O_gas_in_3, x_CO2_in_3, x_H2O_liq_in_3, Delta_p_threshold

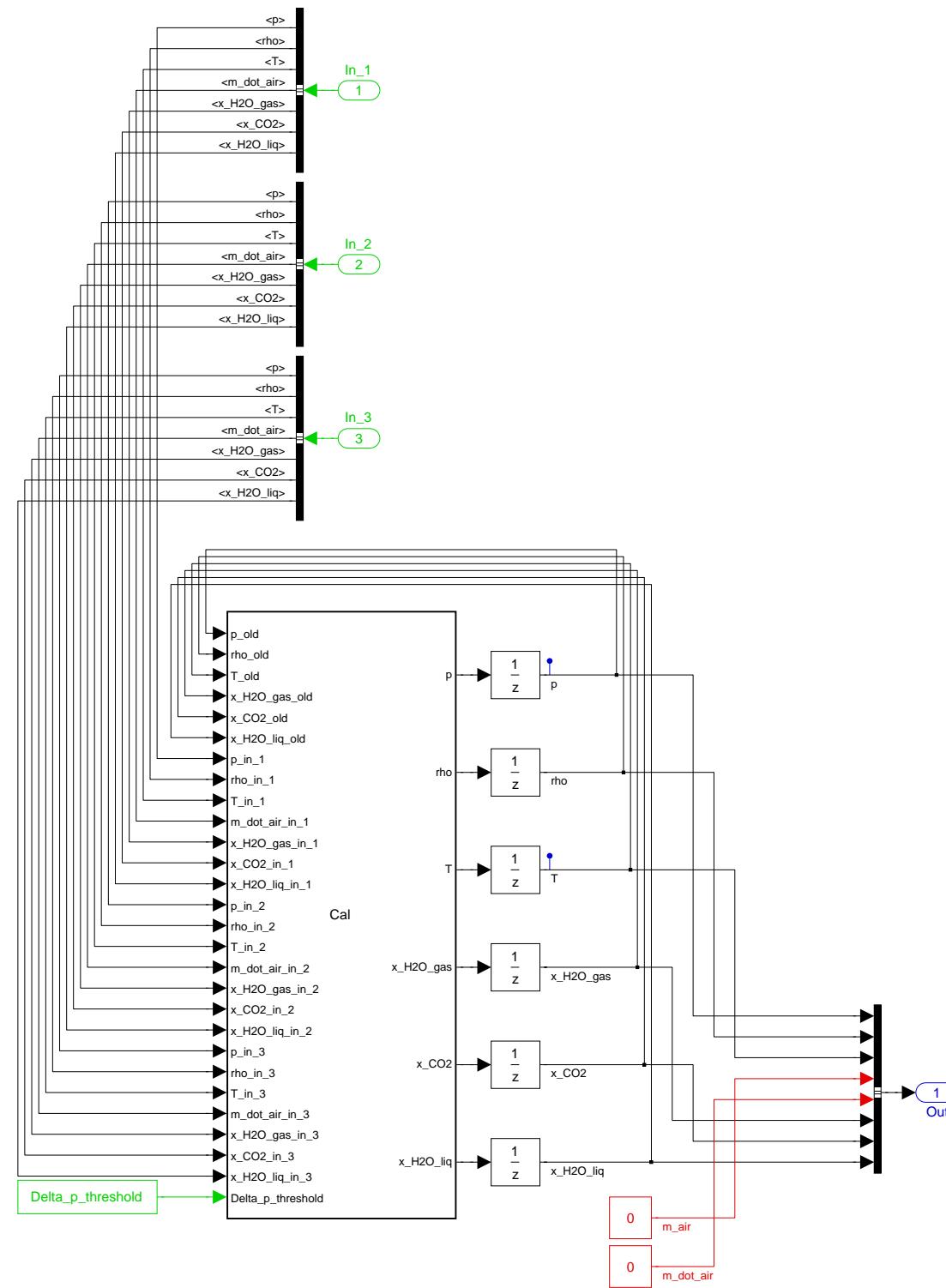
BlockType	Count	Block Names
Outport	7	p, rho, T, x_H2O_gas, x_CO2, x_H2O_liq, Out
UnitDelay	6	Unit Delay, Unit Delay1, Unit Delay2, Unit Delay3, Unit Delay4, Unit Delay5
Constant	3	Delta_p_threshold, m_air, m_dot_air
BusSelector	3	Bus Selector1, Bus Selector2, Bus Selector4
Terminator	1	Terminator
SubSystem	1	Node_3D_
Stateflow (m)	1	Embedded_MATLAB_Function
S-Function	1	SFunction
Demux	1	Demux
BusCreator	1	Bus Creator1

Data and Functions

Tabelle 1.4. Model Functions

Function Name	Parent Blocks	Calling string
NaN	Node_3D_ Node_3D_ Node_3D_	NaN NaN NaN





```
function [p,rho,T,x_H2O_gas,x_CO2,x_H2O_liq] = Cal(p_old,rho_old,T_old,x_H2O_gas_old,<
x_CO2_old,x_H2O_liq_old,p_in_1,rho_in_1,T_in_1,m_dot_air_in_1,x_H2O_gas_in_1,<
x_CO2_in_1,x_H2O_liq_in_1,p_in_2,rho_in_2,T_in_2,m_dot_air_in_2,x_H2O_gas_in_2,<
x_CO2_in_2,x_H2O_liq_in_2,p_in_3,rho_in_3,T_in_3,m_dot_air_in_3,x_H2O_gas_in_3,<
x_CO2_in_3,x_H2O_liq_in_3,Delta_p_threshold)

% ****
% * Definition of a node with 3 apertures
% *
% * Number of Inputs: 3
% *
% * Parameter: Threshold Equality Input/Output Pressures
% *
% *
% * Relevant input variables of Node_3D
% *
% * Pressure: p
% * Density: rho
% * Temperature: T
% * Mass flow dry air: m_dot_air
% * Content water vapor: x_H2O_gas
% * Content CO2: x_CO2
% * Content water: x_H2O_liq
% *
% *
% * Relevant output variables of Node_3D
% *
% * Pressure: p
% * Density: rho
% * Temperature: T
% * Content water vapor: x_H2O_gas
% * Content CO2: x_CO2
% * Content water: x_H2O_liq
% *
% ****
% * Embedded MATLAB Function Cal:
% *
% * Calculations:
% * 1. Definition specific gas constants.
% * 2. Definition state variables.
% * 3. Redefinition of the input variables.
% * 4. Consistency check.
% * 5. Operation mode: Determination of the pressure
% * 5.1. Calculation pressure
% * 5.2. Calculation temperature, water vapor content,
% * CO2-content, water content
% *
% *
% * Assumptions:
% * 1. The gas mixture inside the volume consists of water vapor (H2O_gas),
% * CO2 and water (H2O_liq, state: fog).
% * 4. Consistency Check:
% *   check = 1: Operation mode
% *   check = 0: Standby mode
% * Conditions for the standby mode:
% *   a) All mass flows are incoming mass flows (sign: plus)
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```

% *      b) All mass flows are outgoing mass flows (sign: minus)
% *      c) All mass flows are equal zero
% * 5. Operation mode:
% *      5.1. Calculation pressure
% *
% *      Linearization: For each time step the following equations will
% *                      be resolved for the constants K_1, K_2 and K_3.
% *                      K_1, K_2 and K_3 are time dependant.
% *
% *      m_dot_1 = K_1*(p_in_1-p)
% *      m_dot_2 = K_2*(p_in_2-p)
% *      m_dot_3 = K_3*(p_in_3-p)
% *
% *      Calculation pressure: Assuming that the constants are fixed within
% *      one time step, a estimation for the pressure
% *      can be made. the sum of the incoming and the
% *      outgoing mass flows has to be zero.
% *      (m_dot_1+m_dot_2+m_dot_3 = 0)
% *
% *      m_dot_1+m_dot_2+m_dot_3 = 0
% *      => K_1*(p_in_1-p)+K_2*(p_in_2-p)+K_3*(p_in_3-p) = 0
% *      => p = (K_1*p_in_1+K_2*p_in_2+K_3*p_in_3)/(
% *      (K_1+K_2+K_3)
% *
% *      In the case that one mass flow is constant.
% *      e.g. m_dot_1 = const. The pressure has to be
% *      calculated by the following equation.
% *
% *      p = (m_dot_1+K_2*p_in_2+K_3*p_in_3)/(K_2+K_3)
% *
% *      For stability reasons p_in_1, p_in_2 or p_in_3 and
% *      p will be assumed as equal, then e.g.
% *      (p_in_1-p) < Delta_p_threshold
% *
% * 5.2. Calculation temperature, water vapor content, CO2-content, water content
% *
% *      The state variables of incoming mass flows contribute to the
% *      calculation of the temperature, the water vapor content,
% *      the CO2-content and the water content of the node. The values
% *      will be calculated by a weighted average. The state variables
% *      of the outgoing mass flows will be determined by the node.
% *
% *
% * Last modification : 15.03.2008
% * Author : Christian Müller(HAW)
% *
% *****

% * 1. Definition specific gas constants
R_air          = 287.058;
R_H2O_gas       = 461.523;
R_CO2           = 188.924;
% *****

% * 2. Definition state variables
p               = p_old;

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rho          = rho_old;
T           = T_old;
x_H2O_gas   = x_H2O_gas_old;
x_CO2       = x_CO2_old;
x_H2O_liq   = x_H2O_liq_old;
% ****
%
% * 3. Calculation incoming and outgoing mass flows
m_dot_1     = ↵
m_dot_air_in_1+m_dot_air_in_1*x_H2O_gas_in_1+m_dot_air_in_1*x_CO2_in_1;
m_dot_2     = ↵
m_dot_air_in_2+m_dot_air_in_2*x_H2O_gas_in_2+m_dot_air_in_2*x_CO2_in_2;
m_dot_3     = ↵
m_dot_air_in_3+m_dot_air_in_3*x_H2O_gas_in_3+m_dot_air_in_3*x_CO2_in_3;
% ****
%
% * 4. Consistency check
check        = 1;

if m_dot_1 > 0
    if m_dot_2 > 0
        if m_dot_3 > 0
            check      = 0;
        end
    end
end

if m_dot_1 < 0
    if m_dot_2 < 0
        if m_dot_3 < 0
            check      = 0;
        end
    end
end

if abs(m_dot_1)+abs(m_dot_2)+abs(m_dot_3) == 0
    check      = 0;
end
% ****
%
% * 5. Operation mode:
% * 5.1. Calculation pressure
if check == 1
    Numerator      = 0;
    Denominator    = 0;

    if p_in_1 == 0
        Numerator    = Numerator+m_dot_1;
    else
        if abs(p_in_1-p) < Delta_p_threshold
            K_1         = 0;
        else
            K_1         = abs(m_dot_1)/abs(p_in_1-p);
        end
    Numerator    = Numerator+K_1*p_in_1;
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```
Denominator = Denominator+K_1;
end

if p_in_2 == 0
    Numerator = Numerator+m_dot_2;
else
    if abs(p_in_2-p) < Delta_p_threshold
        K_2 = 0;
    else
        K_2 = abs(m_dot_2)/abs(p_in_2-p);
    end

    Numerator = Numerator+K_2*p_in_2;
    Denominator = Denominator+K_2;
end

if p_in_3 == 0
    Numerator = Numerator+m_dot_3;
else
    if abs(p_in_3-p) < Delta_p_threshold
        K_3 = 0;
    else
        K_3 = abs(m_dot_3)/abs(p_in_3-p);
    end

    Numerator = Numerator+K_3*p_in_3;
    Denominator = Denominator+K_3;
end

if Denominator > 0
    p = Numerator/Denominator;
end
end
% ****
%
% * 5.2. Calculation temperature, water vapor content, CO2-content,
% *      water content
if check == 1
    Denominator = 0;
    T = 0;
    x_H2O_gas = 0;
    x_CO2 = 0;
    x_H2O_liq = 0;

    if m_dot_1 > 0
        T = T+m_dot_1*T_in_1;
        x_H2O_gas = x_H2O_gas+m_dot_1*x_H2O_gas_in_1;
        x_CO2 = x_CO2+m_dot_1*x_CO2_in_1;
        x_H2O_liq = x_H2O_liq+m_dot_1*x_H2O_liq_in_1;
        Denominator = Denominator+m_dot_1;
    end

    if m_dot_2 > 0
        T = T+m_dot_2*T_in_2;
        x_H2O_gas = x_H2O_gas+m_dot_2*x_H2O_gas_in_2;
        x_CO2 = x_CO2+m_dot_2*x_CO2_in_2;
    end
```

```
x_H2O_liq    = x_H2O_liq+m_dot_2*x_H2O_liq_in_2;
Denominator = Denominator+m_dot_2;
end

if m_dot_3 > 0
    T           = T+m_dot_3*T_in_3;
    x_H2O_gas   = x_H2O_gas+m_dot_3*x_H2O_gas_in_3;
    x_CO2       = x_CO2+m_dot_3*x_CO2_in_3;
    x_H2O_liq   = x_H2O_liq+m_dot_3*x_H2O_liq_in_3;
    Denominator = Denominator+m_dot_3;
end

if abs(Denominator) > 0
    T           = T/Denominator;
    x_H2O_gas   = x_H2O_gas/Denominator;
    x_CO2       = x_CO2/Denominator;
    x_H2O_liq   = x_H2O_liq/Denominator;
    R_avg       = (R_air+x_H2O_gas*R_H2O_gas+x_CO2*R_CO2)/(1+x_H2O_gas+x_CO2);
    rho         = p/(R_avg*T);
else
    T           = T_old;
    rho         = rho_old;
    x_H2O_gas   = x_H2O_gas_old;
    x_CO2       = x_CO2_old;
    x_H2O_liq   = x_H2O_liq_old;
end
end
% ****
% ****
```